

WORDS

- **achieve** = something special that a person has done
- **although** =while
- **award** = prize or money that you give to someone for something that they have done
- **consist of** =is made up of
- **create** = make
- **deadly**= something that is very dangerous and can kill people or animals
- **determine** = decide
- **diploma** = a document that shows that a person has done something successful
- **economics** =business; the way goods and products are bought and sold
- **engineer** = someone who makes or designs buildings, bridges , machines etc..
- **hand out** = give to someone
- **individual** = a single person, not a group
- **invent** = to make or design something new
- **inventor** = a person who invents things
- **mankind** = all the people together, as a group
- **officials** = someone who is in a high position in an organisation
- **peace** = a situation in which there is no fighting or war
- **race** =people that belong to a group with the same skin colour and other features
- **receive** = get
- **violence** =aggression
- **weapon** =something that you use to fight, like a gun or a knife
- **worthy** = good enough

The Nobel Prizes are **awards** that are given each year for special things that people or groups of people have **achieved**. They are **awarded** in six areas : physics, chemistry, medicine, literature, **peace** and **economics**.



The prizes come from a fund that was **created** by the Swedish **inventor** Alfred Nobel. He wanted to use some of his money to help make the world a better place to live.

Many organizations , chosen by Alfred Nobel himself , **determine** who **receives** the prizes. Each **award consists of** a gold medal , a **diploma** and a lot of money. Prizes can only be given to **individuals** of all **rac**es, countries and religions. Only the **Peace** Prize can also be given to a group.

The first Nobel Prizes were **handed out** on December 10, 1901 - five years after Alfred Nobel’s death. Nobel was a chemist, **engineer** and **inventor** whose most famous **invention** , dynamite, made him a rich man. **Although** he gave the world such a **deadly weapon**, Nobel was always against wars and **violence**. He therefore left a lot of money that was to go to those who did a lot for **mankind**.

Officials at first handed out only five prizes a year. The prize for **economics** was first **awarded** in 1969. In some years prizes have not been **awarded** because there were no **worthy** candidates

All prizes are presented in Stockholm, Sweden, only the **Peace** Prize is **awarded** in Oslo, Norway.

FAMOUS NOBEL PRIZE WINNERS

Year	Field	Winner	Country
1901	Physics	Wilhelm Röntgen	Germany
1921	Physics	Albert Einstein	Germany
1945	Medicine	Sir Alexander Fleming	Great Britain
1954	Literature	Ernest Hemingway	USA
1972	Literature	Heinrich Böll	Germany
1973	Medicine	Konrad Lorenz	Austria
1977	Peace	Amnesty International	-----
1993	Peace	Nelson Mandela	South Africa